

UB Asia Real Estate Equity | Monthly Report | March 2025



All return and performance figures are based on fund's K series

FUND OBJECTIVE

The Fund invests its assets primarily in the shares of listed real estate investment companies globally, with a particular emphasis on the growing Southeast Asian market. The Fund may additionally invest in traditional industrialised countries (OECD countries). The Fund's equity exposure may vary between 75–100 %. All of the Fund returns are reinvested. The Fund is seeking return that in the long run outperforms the yield of European listed real estate investment companies. The Fund does not have any official benchmark index, and the Fund may actively increase or decrease the percentage of different markets and countries within the investments. The Fund returns are determined based on the value fluctuation of the underlying shares. The Fund's investment decisions are based on the long-term return outlook, and so the Fund's risk and reward profile may in the short term deviate considerably from the below description.

PORTFOLIO MANAGER'S COMMENT

The constant flow of tariff and trade war related news deteriorated the market sentiment throughout the March. Stock markets declined broadly in America and Europe, but Asian markets were generally in better shape on local currency terms. Listed property companies in Asian markets were slightly ahead of the general equity market and UB Asia Real Estate Equity Fund posted -3.6% return in March. Asian currencies weakened against the Euro and extensive part of the fund's decline is attributable to currency movements.

Singapore and Philippines were the biggest positive contributors to the portfolio in March. The valuations in these markets were already in undemanding levels, which mitigated the market pressure in March. The decline in Australia was the biggest negative contribution on weighted basis. Indonesian property companies recorded the steepest decline in March, which was amplified by weakening currency. The contribution was though moderate as the share of Indonesian companies in the fund is small

FUND FACTS

EU SFDR Classification	Article 8
Currency	Euro
Inception Date	9.2.2007
Global Broad Category Group	Equity
Morningstar Category	EAA Fund Property - Indirect Asia
Morningstar Rating	★★★
Fund size	26,96

PERIODIC RETURNS, %

1 month	-3,6
Year-to-date	-4,1
1 year	0,1
3 years, p.a.	-5,4
5 years, p.a.	1,6
Since inception, p.a.	3,1

KEY FIGURES SINCE INCEPTION

Return, % p.a.	3,1
Volatility, %	18,5
Sharpe Ratio	0,10
Max Drawdown, %	-61,9

FUND PERFORMANCE SINCE INCEPTION



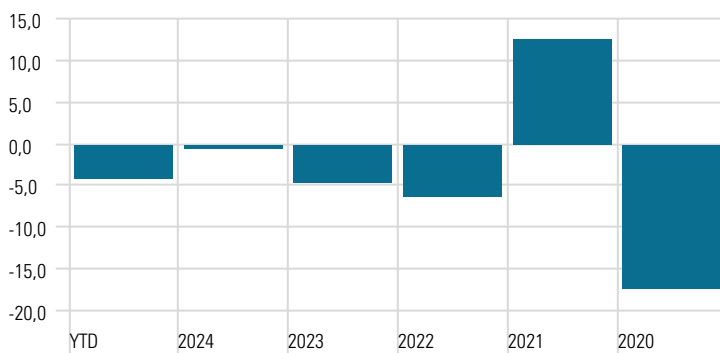
— UB Asien Fastighetsaktie K

UB Asia Real Estate Equity | Monthly Report | March 2025



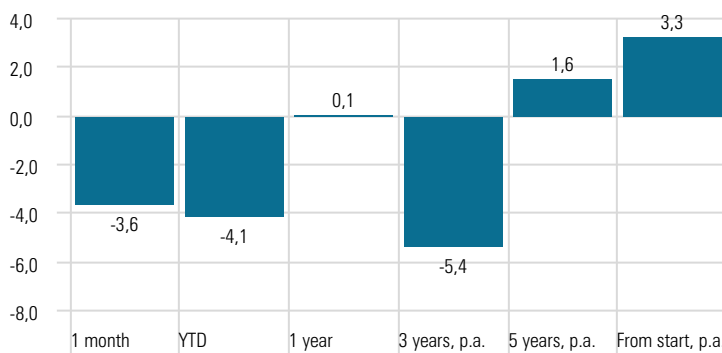
All return and performance figures are based on fund's K series

RETURN PER CALENDAR YEAR, %



■ UB Asien Fastighetsaktie K

PERIODIC RETURNS, %



■ UB Asien Fastighetsaktie K

MONTHLY RETURNS, %

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2025	-0.2	-0.3	-3.6										-4.1
2024	-4.0	-1.0	0.3	-2.3	-0.2	-1.8	5.3	5.0	5.1	-3.7	-1.1	-1.4	-0.6
2023	4.5	-2.9	-2.8	-0.7	-1.2	-2.0	2.0	-2.9	-1.4	-6.5	4.3	5.6	-4.6
2022	-2.3	0.1	2.9	1.9	-2.8	-1.9	3.4	1.1	-7.8	-5.5	5.9	-0.5	-6.3
2021	0.6	2.8	4.6	-1.5	-0.8	1.7	-0.6	1.2	0.3	2.0	-0.7	2.5	12.6
2020	-2.0	-5.7	-20.7	8.1	-2.1	2.7	-4.4	1.3	-1.1	-1.2	8.1	1.1	-17.5
2019	8.0	1.4	4.8	0.7	-1.3	3.5	1.1	-2.4	2.6	0.3	-0.7	0.2	19.2
2018	2.0	-3.4	-1.2	2.4	2.7	-3.3	1.0	0.0	-0.8	-3.7	4.7	-0.4	-0.4
2017	3.0	3.6	1.4	0.0	0.2	-0.9	1.2	-0.1	-0.1	1.3	0.0	0.9	11.0
2016	-6.8	3.5	3.1	2.7	-0.3	4.4	5.1	1.4	0.5	-1.1	-2.0	-1.3	8.8
2015	9.9	2.4	2.2	2.8	-0.3	-4.8	-1.2	-11.4	-1.3	8.4	1.5	-1.9	4.7

LARGEST POSITIVE CONTRIBUTION, 1 month

	Weight, %	Return, %	Contribution, %
Mapletree Logistics Trust	3.5	2.9	0.10
Mitsubishi Estate Co Ltd	1.0	8.3	0.08
Swire Properties Ltd	1.1	6.6	0.07
Parkway Life Real Estate Investment Trust	0.8	5.8	0.05
Keppel REIT	1.0	3.9	0.04
Frasers Centrepoint Trust	1.4	2.7	0.04
Sunlight Real Estate Investment Trust	0.8	4.2	0.03
Ayala Land Inc	1.8	1.6	0.03
Japan Hotel REIT Investment Corp	1.6	1.2	0.02
Mapletree Pan Asia Commercial Trust Units Real Esta	0.7	2.3	0.02

LARGEST NEGATIVE CONTRIBUTION, 1 month

	Weight, %	Return, %	Contribution, %
Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT	3.1	-10.1	-0.32
PT Pakuwon Jati Tbk	2.1	-12.8	-0.27
SF Real Estate Investment Trust	2.4	-8.3	-0.20
GLP J-REIT	2.2	-8.7	-0.19
Centuria Industrial REIT	3.0	-5.8	-0.17
Ingenia Communities Group	1.8	-7.6	-0.14
Nippon Accommodations Fund Inc	1.6	-8.3	-0.13
CapitaLand India Trust Units Real Estate Investment T	4.5	-2.9	-0.13
KLCC Property & Holdings Bhd	4.1	-2.7	-0.11
Sunway Real Estate Investment Trust	2.0	-5.3	-0.11

Source: Morningstar Direct

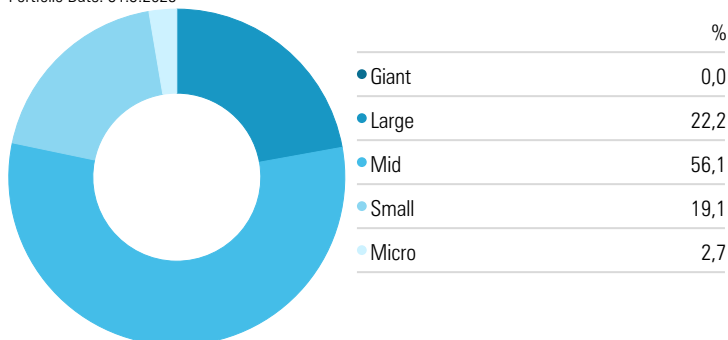
UB Asia Real Estate Equity | Monthly Report | March 2025



All return and performance figures are based on fund's K series

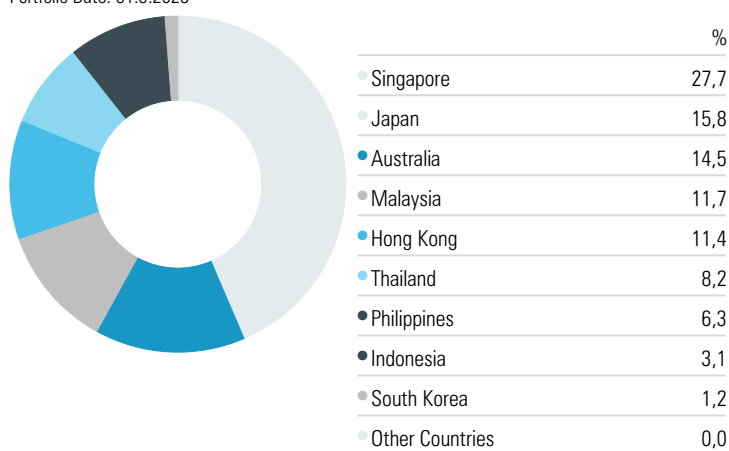
HOLDINGS BY MARKET VALUE

Portfolio Date: 31.3.2025



HOLDINGS BY COUNTRY

Portfolio Date: 31.3.2025



HOLDINGS BY PROPERTY TYPE

Industrial/Logistics	28,4 %
Retail	20,2 %
Office	18,9 %
Residential	10,1 %
Hotels	6,1 %
Other	13,9 %

PROPERTIES BY LOCATION

Australia	17,0 %
Japan	16,3 %
Singapore	13,9 %
Hong Kong	10,8 %
Malaysia	9,6 %
Thailand	8,3 %
Philippines	6,0 %
India	4,5 %
China	3,3 %
Indonesia	3,0 %
Others	4,8 %

LARGEST HOLDINGS

	Weight, %	Return to date, %	Country
CapitaLand India Trust Units Real Estate Investment Trust	4,5	-16,9	SGP
Keppel DC REIT	4,3	-15,6	SGP
CapitaLand Ascendas REIT Units	4,2	-5,4	SGP
KLCC Property & Holdings Bhd	3,7	-0,1	MYS
Mapletree Logistics Trust	3,7	-18,2	SGP
Amata Corp PCL	2,9	-7,3	THA
Centuria Industrial REIT	2,9	-4,7	AUS
Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT	2,8	1,2	AUS
Link Real Estate Investment Trust	2,7	-7,4	HKG
Robinsons Land Corp	2,6	-20,9	PHL



All return and performance figures are based on fund's K series

KEY SUSTAINABILITY INFORMATION

EU SFDR Classification	Article 8
Fund Sustainability Risk (ESG)	13,9
Fund Sustainability Risk, Environmental (E)	2,0
Fund Sustainability Risk, Social (S)	1,6
Fund Sustainability Risk, Governance (G)	3,5
Fund Sustainability Risk, Unallocated	6,8
Carbon Intensity (tCO2e/USDm in Revenues)	124,3
Carbon Risk	Medium Risk
EU Taxonomy Aligned Revenues (%), Including Sovereign Reven	—
EU Taxonomy Aligned Capital Expenditures (%), Including Sovere	—
Percent of UN Global Compact Violations (%)	0,0
Percent of Eligible Portfolio Covered (%)	92,4
Number of Securities Scored	50

SUSTAINABILITY RATING



The Morningstar Sustainability Rating is based on relative fund comparison according to Morningstar's methodology, where Morningstar benchmarks funds according to their current and historical sustainability risk factors. The Fund's rating relative to its peer group is measured by the number of globes ranging from five (the top performing 10%) to one (the least performing 10%).

SUSTAINABILITY RISK RELATIVE TO PEER GROUP



The Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating measures the degree to which a company's economic value is at risk due to Environmental (E), Social (S), and Governance (G) factors. The Fund's sustainability risk is calculated as an asset-weighted average and classified on a five-point numerical scale: negligible (0-10), low (10-20), medium (20-30), high (30-40), and severe (≥ 40).

UB Asia Real Estate Equity | Monthly Report | March 2025



All return and performance figures are based on fund's K series

Alpha describes the effect of the portfolio manager's investment choices on the fund's return compared with the return of an index portfolio with corresponding market risk, i.e. the additional returns attained by the fund in relation to its market risk.

Beta describes the sensitivity of the fund's value to changes in the benchmark index. If the value of the benchmark index changes by one per cent, the expected change in the fund's value is beta x 1 percent. On average, the fund's value will change more than the value of the benchmark index if the beta value is greater than 1. A beta value less than 1 indicates the opposite, i.e. that the fund's value will change less than the benchmark value.

Sharpe Ratio indicates the size of return relative to risk taken. The Sharpe ratio measures the fund's return (with volatility of one per cent) in excess of a risk-free return. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the more favorable the relationship between return and risk.

Tracking Error indicates the risk of active portfolio management in relation to the risk of the benchmark index. The higher the number, the more the fund's performance differs from the benchmark's performance. If the tracking error is 5 %, the fund's return will deviate in about two years out of three \pm 5 % of the benchmark's return. The tracking error is zero if the relative weights of the fund's investments are exactly the same as in the benchmark index. Tracking error increases if investment weights are changed relative to the weights of the benchmark index.

Volatility is a risk measure generally used in financial markets. It reflects variability in the return of an investment or a portfolio. The higher the volatility, the greater the variability in return and the risk involved. If the fund's expected return is 12 % and the volatility is 20 %, then the fund's return for two years out of three is 12 ± 20 %, that is, between -8 % and +32 %.

EU SFDR Classification. In accordance with the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR, 2019/2088), United Bankers' funds are classified into three categories in terms of their sustainability factors. Article 6 ("ordinary") funds do not have a defined sustainability scope, Article 8 ("light green") funds promote sustainability factors, and Article 9 ("dark green") funds pursue to make sustainable investments.

EU Taxonomy The EU taxonomy is part of the European Green Deal, which promotes the EU's goal of achieving a carbon neutral economy by 2050. The EU taxonomy is a classification system which defines environmentally sustainable economic activities and promotes at least one of the EU's six environmental objectives. In the report, the average percentages of revenues, capital expenditures, and operational expenditures generated from taxonomy-aligned economic activities are stated for the Fund's investments.

Carbon intensity measures the ratio of a company's greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) to its revenues. Carbon intensity can be divided into the following categories: very low (0–15), low (15–70), medium (70–250), high (250–525), and very high (≥ 525). As there is no upper limit to the metric, very large greenhouse gas emissions can lead to a very high carbon intensity.

Carbon Risk. The Sustainalytics Carbon Risk Rating measures the extent to which the value of an investment is impacted by the removal of fossil fuels and the transition to a low-carbon economy, i.e., the transition risks caused by climate change. According to the TCFD (Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures), transition risks are market-based risks related to legislation, technology, markets, and reputational harm driven by the green transition. Sustainalytics classifies carbon risk on a five-point numerical scale: negligible (0), low (0–10), medium (10–30), high (30–50), and severe (≥ 50).

Sustainability Risk. Sustainability risk refers to an event or circumstance related to Environmental (E), Social (S), or Governance (G) factors, the realization of which could have an actual or potential negative material impact on the value of an investment. The realization of material sustainability risks can affect investment returns and thus fund returns. The information on sustainability risks presented in this report is based on the information on sustainability risks in Sustainalytics' ESG database. Sustainalytics' company-level risk assessment methodology considers the sustainability risks typical of the company's industry group, the realization of sustainability risks in the company, and the company's actions to manage sustainability risks. Sustainalytics classifies sustainability risk on a five-point numerical scale: negligible (0–10), low (10–20), medium (20–30), high (30–40), and severe (≥ 40). The Fund's sustainability risk is calculated as an asset-weighted average of the individual sustainability risks of the Fund's investments.

Sustainability Rating. The Morningstar Sustainability Rating is based on relative fund comparison according to Morningstar's methodology, where Morningstar benchmarks funds according to their current and historical sustainability risk factors. The Fund's rating relative to its peer group is measured by the number of globes: five globes (the top performing 10% of funds), four globes (the following 22.5% of funds), three globes (the middle 35% of funds), two globes (the following 22.5% of funds), and one globe (the least performing 10% of funds). The Morningstar Sustainability Rating covers over 40,000 funds worldwide.

The United Nations (UN) Global Compact Principles and Violations Monitoring. The UN Global Compact is the world's largest corporate responsibility initiative which consists of 10 principles in the areas of human rights, labor, the environment, and anti-corruption. The principles are based on the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, the UN Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, and the UN Convention against Corruption. Sustainalytics' norms-based screening assesses companies' impact on stakeholders and the extent to which a company causes, contributes, or is linked to violations of international norms and standards. Sustainalytics uses four categories in norms-based screening: no violations (Compliant), monitored by Sustainalytics (Watchlist), violations (Non-compliant), and unclassified, in which case no data is available. Sustainalytics' norms-based screening covers more than 13,000 companies worldwide.

UB Asia Real Estate Equity | Monthly Report | March 2025



All return and performance figures are based on fund's K series



United Bankers Oyj

Helsinki · Aleksanterinkatu 21 A · unitedbankers.com

Information contained in this report should not be considered a recommendation to acquire, redeem or exchange units in the mentioned fund. On no account should any investment decisions be based on the information contained in this report. UB Fund Management Company Ltd (hereinafter referred to as UB) has made every effort to carefully research all information in this presentation. The information, on which the conclusions and other information are based on has been obtained from sources which UB believe to be reliable. This material does not claim completeness regarding all the information on the financial instruments or markets or developments referred to in it. UB accepts no liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss or damages of any kind arising out of the use of this document or any part of its content. The investor shall acquaint himself/herself with the fund's official information material where the fund specific risks are described, prior to making any investment decisions.

Key investor information documents (KIID), fund prospectuses and fund rules for each of the funds managed by UB can be obtained from UB and the website www.unitedbankers.fi in Finnish, Swedish and English upon request. An economic risk is always associated to investing in funds. Historical performance is not a guarantee of future returns and cannot be used to predict future risk of the fund mentioned in this report. The value of the investment made in the fund may increase and decrease and investors may lose part or all of the invested capital.

Remarks regarding foreign investors: The preparation of this report is subject to regulation by Finnish law. The distribution of this document in other jurisdictions may be restricted by law, and persons into whose possession this document comes should inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions. Foreign laws may preclude investors abroad from investing in UB funds. It is on the responsibility of each investor to make sure that the investments in UB funds will be made in accordance with all applicable laws.